Hospital Hierarchy

Azim Mirzazadeh, MD

Department of Internal Medicine

School of Medicine, TUMS

Topics

- Types
- Consequences
- Solutions

Hierarchy

- Between health professions
- Between physicians

Doctor Hierarchy



Types of hierarchies

- Functional
- Dysfunctional

Dysfunctional hierarchies

- Dysfunctional hierarchies have been linked to negative impacts by creating learning environments that:
 - discourage the voicing of concerns
 - legitimize trainee mistreatment
 - create moral distress through ethical dilemmas

Dysfunctional hierarchies (cont.)

- Such an environment:
 - endangers patient safety
 - undermines physician empathy
 - hampers learning
 - lowers training satisfaction
 - amplifies stress, fatigue, and burnout

Functional hierarchies

- Functional medical hierarchies aim to optimize patient care through clinical instruction
- Functional hierarchies may improve resident education and wellbeing, as well as patient safety.

Functional hierarchy - considerations

Practitioners have the ability and authority to work to their full scope of practice

> Provider roles are clear to the patient and there is continuity of care

There is reciprocal respect between practitioners regarding patient care

> Each discipline should be able to advocate for their role on the team

Hierarchy Solutions

- Individual Solutions
- Institutional Solutions

Individual Solutions

Patient-Provider Relationship

• Issue:

• Traditional relationship is often paternalistic with the patient subordinate

• Proposed Solution:

• Shared-Decision making where decisions are made based on clinician expertise AND patient needs, values, and preferences

Individual Solutions

Management-Subordinate Relationship

• Issue:

• questioning and accountability from subordinate to manager are often, whether implicitly or explicitly, discouraged

• Proposed Solutions:

- Management-Encourage assertiveness from those who are "subordinate"
- "Subordinate"-Identify and report errors or potential issues without recourse

Institutional Solutions

• Goal:

• Support a culture of strong interdisciplinary teams

• Potential issue:

- members of the group are unsure of the function of others in the group
- This leads to misinterpretation of others role and influences the way individuals that act and interpret collaboration within the group. \circ

• Proposed Solution:

• members of an interprofessional team must first have an understanding of other team member

Organizational culture

- Hospitals vary in organizational culture
- The type of culture relates to the safety climate within the hospital.
- Healthcare organization's culture is a critical factor in the development of its patient safety climate and in the successful implementation of quality improvement initiatives.

Summary

- Both functional and dysfunctional hierarchies exist in healthcare
- Hierarchy influences patient care and outcomes, efficiency, and level of provider satisfaction or stress
- Institutions can foster collaborative and supportive team culture to create functional hierarchies
- Individuals can work within team structures to acknowledge areas for improvement
- Every healthcare provider has a responsibility to advocate for patient care!!